
International Standard**757/2**

INTERNATIONAL ORGANIZATION FOR STANDARDIZATION • МЕЖДУНАРОДНАЯ ОРГАНИЗАЦИЯ ПО СТАНДАРТИЗАЦИИ • ORGANISATION INTERNATIONALE DE NORMALISATION

**Acetone for industrial use — Methods of test —
Part 2 : Determination of acidity to phenolphthalein —
Titrimetric method**

*Acétone à usage industriel — Méthodes d'essai — Partie 2 : Détermination de l'acidité à la phénolphthaléine —
Méthode titrimétrique*

First edition — 1982-04-15

Foreword

ISO (the International Organization for Standardization) is a worldwide federation of national standards institutes (ISO member bodies). The work of developing International Standards is carried out through ISO technical committees. Every member body interested in a subject for which a technical committee has been set up has the right to be represented on that committee. International organizations, governmental and non-governmental, in liaison with ISO, also take part in the work.

Draft International Standards adopted by the technical committees are circulated to the member bodies for approval before their acceptance as International Standards by the ISO Council.

International Standard ISO 757/2 was developed by Technical Committee ISO/TC 47, *Chemistry*, and was circulated to the member bodies in December 1980.

It has been approved by the member bodies of the following countries :

Australia	Hungary	Poland
Austria	India	Portugal
Belgium	Ireland	Romania
China	Italy	South Africa, Rep. of
Czechoslovakia	Korea, Dem.P.Rep. of	Switzerland
Egypt, Arab Rep. of	Korea, Rep. of	Thailand
France	Mexico	United Kingdom
Germany, F.R.	Philippines	USSR

The member body of the following country expressed disapproval of the document on technical grounds :

Netherlands

This International Standard has also been approved by the International Union of Pure and Applied Chemistry (IUPAC).

International Standards ISO 757/1 to ISO 757/5 cancel and replace ISO Recommendation R 757-1968, of which they constitute a technical revision.

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Printed in Switzerland